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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/678,611	10/04/2000	Kohji Sakai	198004US2	7156
22850	7590 09/20/2005		EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C.			PHAM, HAI CHI	
	RIA, VA 22314	•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2861	

DATE MAILED: 09/20/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

1	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summany	09/678,611	SAKAI ET AL.	(m)			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Hai C. Pham	2861				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	dress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was railure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed " the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on RCE	(08/19/05) & Amendment (07/19	<i>(</i> 05).				
	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar		secution as to the	merits is			
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
·						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9 and 11-22</u> is/are pending in the ap						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9 and 11-22</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).				
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> </ol>						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
<ol><li>Copies of the certified copies of the prior</li></ol>	ity documents have been receive	ed in this National	Stage			
application from the International Bureau	ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ratent Application (PTC	J-152)			
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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Request For Continued Examination

The request filed on 08/19/05 for a Continued Examination (RCE) under 37 CFR
 1.114 based on parent Application No. 09/678,611 is acceptable and a RCE has been established. An action on the RCE follows.

# Claim Objections

2. Claims 12 and 13 are objected to because of the following informalities:

### Claim 12:

• Line 2, "said two lenses has" should read --said two lenses have--.

#### Claim 13:

• Line 2, "said two lenses has" should read --said two lenses have--.

Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

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The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

4. Claims 1-5, 9, 11-13, 15, 19-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Suzuki et al. (U.S. 6,256,133).

Suzuki et al. discloses in Fig. 2 an optical scanning apparatus condensing a beam deflected by an optical deflector (polygon mirror 16) so as to form a beam spot on a surface to be scanned (scanned surface 19 of a photoconductive body), comprising two lenses (first and second scanning lenses 20 and 21), wherein:

- a lens (first scanning lens 20) on the side of the optical deflector has a negative refracting power in sub-scanning direction (see the listed sub-scanning radius Rs of curvature on the surfaces of the first lens, e.g., first and second surfaces, at col. 15, lines 5-15),
- a lens (second scanning lens 21) on the side surface to be scanned has a
  positive refracting power in the sub-scanning direction (see the listed subscanning radius Rs of curvature on the surfaces of the second lens, e.g., third
  and fourth, at col. 15, lines 5-15), and at least one lens surface of the lens
  surfaces of the two lenses is such that a shape in the sub-scanning section is a

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non-arc shape (the first and second surfaces are non-spherical surfaces) (col. 15, lines 17-18),

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- two lens surfaces such that a curvature in a sub-scanning section varies in the
  main scanning direction are formed in different lenses (the second surface [of the
  first lens 20] and the third surface [of the second lens 21] both having a shape
  such that the radius curvature Rs in the sub-scanning section changes along the
  main scanning direction) (col. 16, lines 42-45),
- at least one surface of said at least two lens surfaces is such that change in the
  main scanning direction of a curvature in a sub-scanning section thereof is
  asymmetrical (the third surface being a special surface having a sub-scanning
  curvature, which is non-symmetrical in the Y direction, e.g., main scanning
  direction) (col. 16, lines 57-59),
- said optical system is such that a lateral magnification ( $\beta_0$ ) in the sub-scanning direction at a central height and a lateral magnification ( $\beta_h$ ) in the sub-scanning at any image height satisfy the following condition:

$$0.93 < |\beta_h / \beta_0| < 1.07$$
 (col. 9, lines 3-5)

• The surface such that a shape in a sub-scanning direction is a non-arc shape is a sub-non-arc surface such that the non-arc shape changes according to the position in main scanning direction of the sub-scanning direction (at least the second surface of the optical system having a surface shape in the main scanning surface of a non-circular arc shape) (col. 16, lines 32-37),

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- Said lens on the side of optical deflector (first imaging lens 20) has a positive refracting power in main scanning direction (curvature radius in the main scanning direction Rm of the first surface being positive) (col. 22, lines 5-15),
- A lateral magnification (β<sub>0</sub>) in the sub-scanning direction at a central height of said optical system is equal to 1 (Fig. 12C), which amply satisfies the condition as claimed in claim 4,
- A shape of the sub-non-arc surface in a main scanning section is a non-arc shape (the second surface of the optical system having a surface shape in the main scanning surface of a non-circular arc shape) (col. 16, lines 32-37),
- In each of the four lens surfaces of the two lenses, the curvatures in the main and sub-scanning directions are different from one another (col. 15, lines 5-15),
- A non-arc amount, which is an amount of difference of the non-arc shape in the sub-scanning section of the sub-non-arc from an arc, changes asymmetrically in the main scanning direction (the third surface being a special surface having a sub-scanning curvature, which is non-symmetrical in the Y direction, e.g., main scanning direction) (col. 16, lines 57-59),
- An effective writing width W and a width Fs of sub-scanning curvature of field in the effective writing width satisfies the following condition:

Said two lenses have at least two lens surfaces each of which is such that
change in the main scanning direction of a curvature in a sub-scanning section is
asymmetrical (in a further embodiment, the second and third surfaces are both

special surfaces in which the change of their sub-scanning curvature is non-symmetrical in the main scanning direction) (col. 20, lines 35-41), and at least two lens surfaces of said at least two lens surfaces have an air separation therebetween (the two special surfaces, e.g., second and third surfaces, being on two different lenses and thus there exists an air separation in between),

- The optical scanning device being a single beam system,
- An electrostatic latent image being formed on the photosensitive surface (19) of the photoconductive body and being [inherently] visualized into a toner image.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claim6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Suzuki et al. in view of Takada et al. (U.S. 6,445,483).

Suzuki et al. discloses all the basic limitations of the claimed invention including the curvatures in the main and sub-scanning directions in each of the four lens surfaces of the two lenses are different from one another (col. 15, lines 5-15), but except for the optical system comprising an anamorphic optical lens, and the spot diameter being equal to or smaller than 50 µm.

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Takada et al. discloses an optical scanning apparatus condensing a beam deflected by an optical deflector (polygon mirror 3) so as to form a beam spot on a surface to be scanned (surface 14), comprising two lenses (first and second scanning lenses 12 and 13, Fig. 1), wherein a lens (first scanning lens 12) on the side of the optical deflector has a negative refracting power in sub-scanning direction (the radius of the entrance surface of the first scanning lens 12, e.g., 72.17772, being larger than the radius of the exit surface of the first scanning lens, e.g., 53.03585) (Table 1), a lens (second scanning lens 13) on the side surface to be scanned has a positive refracting power in the sub-scanning direction, and at least one lens surface of the lens surfaces of the two lenses is such that a shape in the sub-scanning section is a non-arc shape (second scanning lens 13 having the exit surface being non-arcuated and having a positive refractive power in the sub-scanning direction) (col. 12, lines 34-59). Takada et al. further teaches said optical system comprising an anamorphic optical system (col. 7, lines 45-60), and the spot diameter in each of the main and sub-scanning directions being equal to or smaller than 50 µm (col. 4, lines 54-59).

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to provide the optical system of the device of Suzuki et al. with an anamorphic optical system as taught by Takada et al. The motivation for doing so would have been to prevent a disfiguration of the beam spot on the scanned surface as suggested by Takada et al.

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7. Claims 14, 16-18, 20 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Suzuki et al. in view of Ota et al. (U.S. 5,305,022).

Suzuki et al. discloses all the basic limitations of the claimed invention except for the plurality of light sources, which are provided as a laser array with the interval of the light emitting points equal to or larger than 10 µm.

Ota et al. discloses a multi-beam scanning recording apparatus having a semiconductor laser array for simultaneously scanning the surface of the photosensitive drum to form an electrostatic latent image, which is developed to become a visible toner image, wherein the interval between the light emitting sources in the semiconductor laser array can be set at least at 10 µm (col. 1, lines 36-48).

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to provide a semiconductor laser array as taught by Ota et al. in the device of Suzuki et al. for the purpose of providing a high-speed.optical scanning device.

#### Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-9 and 11-22 have been considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection as presented in this Office action.

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#### Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hai C. Pham whose telephone number is (571) 272-2260. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30AM - 5:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David L. Talbott can be reached on (571) 272-1934. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

HAI PHAM
PRIMARY EXAMINER

Hailli Plan

September 17, 2005